The trial of Mrs. Mary H. R. O'Donnell of

THE BATTLE IN MARYLAND.

REPUBLICANS EXPECT TO CARRY THE STATE BY 19,000.

The Democrais Trying to Conduct Their Campaign Entirely on State Issues The Result.

Branding Entirely on State Issues The Result.

Branding Entirely on State Issues The Result.

Branding on in Ohlo and Kastucky for the sectional votes next year is going on also in the State on Maryland. Little or nothing has been printed about the struggle in Maryland. The attention of politicians of the two parties and a great deal of printer's ink have been devoted to the fight in Ohlo and Kentucky. The great interest in the result in Ohlo is, of course, for the reason that it is the President's own State, and that the election of Nash over elects will be an endorsement of the Meximity administration. The Democratis in Kenning State. The Democratis would be an endorsement of the Meximity administration. The Democratis in Kenning State. The Democratis and the capabilities of the State of State, and that the election of Occlete will necessarily be accepted as a boost for William Gosbel, kave so twisted the campaign in that State of the State of State, and that the election of Coclete will necessarily be accepted as a boost for William Jennings Bran. In the Electroal College. Ohlo has 23 wiss. Kentucky 18, and Maryland S. It should got be inferred that the lepublican national managers are overlooking the importance of the fight in the State of the State estily disproves that. On the other hand the lemocrate has the electron than the lepublican national managers are overlooking the importance of the fight in the State estily disproves that. On the other hand the lemocrate has the emportant matter of the first days, compared with that for the source of the fight in managers do not seem to have remembered that there is such a State as Marjand in the Union. Exception of the section have remembered that there is such a State as Marriand in the Union. Evidently, according to their ideas, there is no such State on the map. There are reasons for this.

The Hon Arthur Pue Gorman is the Demoeratic chieftain of this State. He may have lost his seat in the United States Senate, but he is the moving spirit and great power in attempting to elect John Walter Smith Gov-ernor of the State. Mr. Smith and Mr. Gorman are very warm friends. Mr. Gorman in man are very warm friends.

Itsel was a true blue Bryanite. He had nothing to do with the management of Mr. Bryan's campaign, for the reason that it was decreed otherwise by those who have been intimately associated with Mr. Bryan for a number of years. Nevertheless, Mr. Gorman and the Democratic party of Maryland endorsed Bryan and the Chicago platform of 1896, and William McKinley carried the State by 32,432. The Republican candidate for Governor is the pres-Governor, Lloyd Lowades, who was elected

The Republican State campaign managers are conducting the fight for the return of Gov. Lowndes on National as well as State issues, The Democrats are endeavoring to conduct their campaign entirely on State issues. The Republican campaigners have strenuously endeavored to induce the Democrats to become interested in national issues, but up to this time the Democratic campaigners have evaded the questions of great national moment. a cortain extent this has injured the canvass for John Walter Smith, the Demotratic candidate. The platform on which Fol. Smith stands, ignores entirely the mention of Bryan's name, has not a single comment concerning the foreign policy of the McKinley Administration, but deals alone with local and State Issues. In fact the principal issue on which the Democrats depend to elect Col. Smith is "no negro domination." This plank in the platform is the great issue put forth by the convention which nominated Col. Smith, and it is of such importance in the campaign that the full text of that plank

"The Republican party depends almost entirely for its success upon the support of the large negro population in our midst, and re-lies upon them for the election of its ticket and the continuance of its supremacy. Without their votes it would be a hopeless minority.

"This fact has created the belief by large numbers of the worst elements of this class of our population that political influence will readily be exerted to secure for them immunity from punishment for violation of law, has accordingly, led to an alarming increase in many species of crime, and is a constant menace to the peace and good order of the

Such a deplorable and dangerous condition of affairs cannot be ignored or treated with indifference, and while we distinctly pledge ourselves to do equal and exact justice to all, without regard to race, and to guaranty to the colored people of the State the fullest protecion in all their rights, we are not insensible to the perils which such a situation involves. nor unmindful of the obligation which it im-

Safety and protection from those evils can only be found in the return to political power of the Democracy, which undeniably represent the vast majority of the intelligent manhood of

The Republican campaign to reflect Gov. owndes, as already said, is being conducted on National issues, and, in addition, the Republicans can justly claim that under Gov. Lowndes for the last four years, the affairs of the State have been administered better to than for a great many years. In the first place, Mayor Maister of Baltimore and Gov, Lowndes, and a Republican Legislature, are responsible for a new charter for Baltimore. The old charter was defective and obsolete, and a new tharter had been demanded for years by the better elements of both parties. All charitable and reformatory institutions in the State under Gov. Lowndes have been under the direction of bipartisan boards. The State debt has been reduced, and the interest on the deposit of State funds have has been more than three times as much during Gov. Lowndes's adminfatration than during thirty years of Democratic rule. Under Lowndes the Australian ballot system of voting became a law, and so also did a free school book law, which the State never had before. The public schools of the State have received larger appropriations by one-third than under the Democrats. Indeed, some of the most conservative Democrats, as well as the leading Republicans in the State. and not forgetting the independent voters. agree that Lownden's administration has been the very best. Gov. Lowndes is a pet of the idependent voters, both in the Republican and Democratic camps. The verdict of the Independents on Gov Lowndes is best Illustrated in the words of one of their leaders who said

The whole course of Gov. Lowndes has been to consider government on the plane of good 20vernment; that is, to correct all the glaring tolitical evils for which the Independents contended vainly until, under the leadership of Lord Lowndes, they were accomplished. No far-minded man can read the modest, plain, straightforward and truthful statements of inv. Lowndes without being impressed with his earnestness and honesty. He exaggerates arthing. His whole course seems to have been accord with what was considered necessary by the independent elements, both Republistas and Democrats, to insure good governmeat. The only trouble he has experienced in

bis own party is on this account. The force of his position has compelled even he discontented elements of his party to bow to the sagacity of his leadership, and he is entitled, above ail, to the continued confidence and support of every lover of good government. Should the independent voters refuse to support him for redication they need not expect to secure another non-partisan administration at Aunapolis during the next generation, for lesertion of Gov. Lowndes under these cirimatances would be equivalent to a declaraton that there is no reward for political virtue. and that the honest and faithful discharge of futile dury is entitled to no recognition. In other words, it would discourage all further reader words, it would discourage all further independents in the executive office and put a Fremium on partisanship and the spoils principles in its administration. If the just ateward, who has adeguarded the public interests, is to be put on the same plane as the unjust steward that has superdered his substance and dispersion of the higher office committed to his keeping.

who has squandered his substance and dis-graph the higher office committed to his keeping.
The Control of the Republican State Com-mittee is the Hon. Thomas J. Shryock, who is state Tressurer under Goy. Lowndes, Gen. Shryock, in the management of this campaign, has the beart support of Goy. Lowndes and of United States Senator Louis E. McComas, Gen. bhryock said to day that the Republican cam-paign was in magnificent shape, and he pre-dicted that U.v. Lowndes would certainly be

really created Wellington and not Wellington Lowndes.

As an evidence of Senator Wellington's political acumen, it was recalled that in the mayeralty fight in the city of Baltimore last spring Senator Wellington, in a speech, openly taunted the independent voters and declared that the Republican party could get along without their assistance in the fight. He said further that the Republican machine in this city was so alrongly intrenched that Mayor William T. Maister could be redected without a single independent vote. This speech greatly offended the Independents, and almost to a man they voted for the Democratic candidate for Mayor, Thomas G. Hayes, and Mayor Maister was defeated by about 8,000. It is the best testimony that there are about 6,000 independent Republican voters in the city of Baltimore. They defeated Mayor Maister was elected in 1857 and was the second Republican Mayor of Baltimore in thirty years.

All Republicans units in declaring that

Maister was elected in 1837 and was the second Republican Mayor of Baltimore in thirty years.

All Republicans unite in declaring that Mayor Maister's administration of the office was clean and upright. It was Mayor Maister who appointed the commisson which framed the new charter for the city of Baltimore and for which all good citizens had been clamoring for many years. Mayor Maister appointed a commission, made up of Republicans, Democratic commissioners was Thomas G. Haves, who defeated Mayor Maister for redection. The charter was ratified by the Republican Legislature at Annapolis and changed the municipal elections in Baltimore from the fail to the spring. The wards and Congress districts in Baltimore were also re-districted, and some of the Republican organization leaders in this city found great difficulty in getting out their vote last spring.

While giving Baltimore a good administration, Mayor Maister, it was said, was unfortunate in many wars. Not only was his defeat for redection brought about by the intemperate utterances of Senator Wellington concerning the independent voters, but many people got to beliave that certain of his personal political friends were too closely literatified with the negro element in this city. There are 17,000 negro voters in Baltimore, During Mayor Maister's administration the rowdy element among the negroes conducted things with a high hand. All sorts of outrages were committed, burglaries and things of that kind, and invariably it turned out that the negro rowdies, because of political influence, escaped punishment. It was not contended that Mayor Maister or his personal friends were responsible for this state of affairs; it was only insisted that some of the lesser lieurenants connected with Mayor Maister's administration had a hand in harboring and protecting these negro rasons.

All teld, there are 56,000 negro voters in the

insisted that some of the lesser lieutenants connected with Mayor Malster's administration had a hand in harboring and protecting these negro rascals.

All teld, there are 50,000 negro voters in the State. As a rule they have voted with the Republican party. But the majority of these negro voters have not been friendly to Gov. Lowndes. During his administration quite a number of them have been hanged for various offences. Then, too, the negro Republican politicians have complained that they received little or no recognition in the shape of patronage under Gov. Lowndes. It is a peculiar situation concerning this negro vote, and the Republican campaign managers are working day and night to straighten it out. They need the negro vote on the other hand is not friendly to Gov. Lowndes, and vet they have been openly denounced by the Democratic State Convention which nominated Col. John Walter Smith for Governor. The negro voter is therefore in a dilemma. At present he doesn't know where to go, and it is not saying too much when it is declared that the negro vote will be all powerful in determining the result of the fight between Lowndes and Smith.

All politicians admit that this is one of the stiffest fights for Governor new going on in the United States. The Republican State Chairman, the Hon. Thomas J. Shryock, is a hustler and a splendid organizer. He has the confidence of a vast majority of the Republicans. Ho is a thorough campaigner. He leaves nothing to chance or prediction. He is a great man for facts. He has a number of able lieutenants. The Democratic Chairman is Murray Vandiver, who, like Col. Smith, is one of ex-Senator Gorman's closest friends. The Republicans are conducting their fight from the Eutau House. The Democrats are planning their battle from the Carroliton Hotel. Mr. Vandiver is just as thorough as any campaigner. He is just as thorough as any campaigner could be in organizing his forces, it is an spretty a political fight as one would care to see. One of the factors in the defent of Mayor Ma

will so Republican this fall by from 6,000 to 8,000.
Concerning the complexion of the Democratic ticket, it may be said that Col. Smith, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is a gold man who voted for Bryan in 1884. Joshua W. Herring, the candidate for Comptroller, is also a gold Democrat who voted for Bryan. Col. Smith is president of a bank in Snow Hill. Air. Herring is president of a bank in Neatminster. The Democratic candidate for Attorney-General, Isador Raynor, is a Gold Democrat and a capitalist. He says he didn't vote for Bryan, but if Bryan is the Democratic candidate for President next year he will certainly vote for him. The fact that the Democratic State Convention ignored Bryan and the Chicago platform of 1889 has angered the Sliver Democratis of the State. For instance, ex-Gov. E. E. Jackson wrote to Thomas C. Weeks, a well-known Silver Democrat requesting him to speak at a mass meeting for Col. ex-Gov. E. E. Jackson wrote to Thomas C. Weeks a well-known Silver Democrat requesting him to speak at a mass meeting for Col. Smith. Mr. Weeks replied that he would be pleased to do so, provided ex-Gov. Jackson would be satisfied with a red-hot-lityan-free-silver lit-to-1 and anti-expansion speech. Mr. Jackson replied that he was exceedingly anxious to aid in the election of the Democratic party nominee, but feit that many references to the Chicago platform at this time would be ill-advised. He believed Mr. Weeks, whom he had heard on the husdings with great pleasure and profit, could do good work if he would confine his remarks purely to State issues. Mr. Weeks said that this would be impossible, that the way the State went this year would have too much bearing on the National contest of 1800 for him to keep saiden on National danses, and he would not trust himself on the stump, tied up with any pledges, not to expound the doctrines of his party as authoritatively put forth at Chengo, in 1808. To his last letter Mr. Weeks says what he wants to know is that; if the Democrate are successful in Maryland this year and elect their State tieket and a majority of the Legislature what will be the attitude of the party organization toward the organization of the National Democratic party when the State convention meets next vent to elect delegates to the National Democratic are

onvention.
To sum it up it may be said that the Republican and Democratic State campaigners are

lican and Democratic State campaigners are equally confident. Gen. Shryock declares that Gov. Lowndes will be redected by not less than 12,000. The Democrats decline to give the figures by which they hope to carry the State.

## MARRIED BY A MAGISTRATE,

Dr. stelfel and Miss Lewing Could Not Agree on a Minister.

Dr. Renjamin W. Stoifel of 127 East Seventythird street, and Miss Adele Lewing of S West Seventeenth street, were married by Magistrate Brann in the Harlem police court yesterday. The bride is a planist and composer and was graduated at the Leipsic Conservatory of was graduated at the Lelpsic Conservatory of Music. She was a nupil of Leschetizky in Vienna and gave recitals in the principal cities of this country. Dr. Steifel first met her in Germany eight rears ago. He is a Hebrew and she is a Protestant and each was rejuctant to be married by the minister of the other's religious, so they effected a compromise by getting the Magistrate to perform the ceremony. Dr. George W. Jarmin acted as beat man. Otto A. Steifel, a cousin, gave the oride away.

While Antonella Morapo, 3 years old, of 278 Mott street, was playing in the street near her home yesterday afternoon she was knocked down and run over by a truck driven by Louis Harris of 1808 Third avenue. She was instant-ly killed. Harris was locked up in the Eliza-beth street station on a charge of homicide.

Noise does not win battles, but Johnson's Digestive Tablets cure dyspepsis.—Adv.

openly and declared their purpose to vote equarely against the ticket, others will contont themselves by rebuking the Willoughby street management by remaining away from the polls altogether. Privately the Democratic managers admit that the tide seems to be against them this year, and extraordinary measures are to be taken to check the revolts which broke out simultaneously in the Tenth and Twelfth wards and are spreading, not only to other sections of South Brooklyn, but to the Eastern District.

Following the sagacious counsel of ex-War-den James Shevlin, Mr. McLaughlin's first den James Shevlin, Mr. McLaughlin's first lieutenant, the Democratic managers have reconsidered their purpose to discipline Senator Michael J. Coffey for his alleged party disloyalty by deposing him from the control of the Red Hook district. Mr. Shevlin realized that Senator Coffey holds such undoubted sway in the territory that he could bid defiance to Willoughby street and that a direct attack on their chieftain would be bitterly resented by his stalwart constituents. It was, therefore, decided by the Executive Committeemen to follow Mr. Shevlin's advice and postpone the disciplining of Senator Coffey until after election. That there will be abundance of post-election work of this kind is being manifested more and more each day as the campaign advances.

disciplining of Senator Coffey until after election. That there will be abundance of postelection work of this kind is being manifested more and more each day, as the campaign advances.

Around the standard of revoit, which Councilman John J. McGarry has raised in the Tenth ward, there are constant accessions, and the prospect now is that the apparently impossible political event, the election of James J. Miliard, the Republican candidate for Aiderman, is going to occur. Festerday, John J. Donohue, John J. Galligher and J. T. Moran, each of whom served in the old Board of Supervisors and is a life-long Democrat, came out in support of Mr. Millard.

A lively political controversy occurred yesterday afternoon, right in front of the Democratic Headquarters in the Thomas Jefferson, between Contractor Robert A. Furey, who recently made his peace with Mr. McLaughlin after a long-standing feud, and Joseph McGarry, brother of Councilman McGarry, The latter took occasion to defend his brother in his attitude of bostility to the nomination of Joha Morrisey Gray for County Register, and it witted Mr. Furey over his audden outburst of affection for the Willoughly street management, which he had bitterly denounced for years, Mr. Furey declared that, whether it was bad or good, the whole Democratic county ticket was going to win, and he expressed his willingness to back his ophion to the extent of \$20,000 at odds, Mr. McGarry jumped at the proposition, offering to lay \$14,000 to Mr. Furey's \$20,000 that the entire ticket would be defeated Mr. Furey then offered to bet \$100 that Mr. McGarry would not be at the Tax Office with the \$14,000 to Mr. Furey's \$20,000 that the entire ticket would be defeated Mr. Furey then offered to bet \$100 that Mr. McGarry accepted in a jiffy. Mr. McGarry within less than an hour returned to the Brody wards alone will coat the Democratic ticket at least 5,000 votes.

Alhough Bridge Commissioner John L. Shea, so Chairman of the Executive Committee, is directing the campaign with his accustomed ener

end, and William Lakeland of Sheepshead Bay, the well-known horseman.

The joint debate between Lleut.-Gov. Woodruff and John F. Clarke, Democratic candidate for District Attorney, on the merits of the Records bill, is now assured. Mr. Woodruff sent this communication to Mr. Clarke yesterlay:

"Answering yours of resterday, I beg to say that next Monday, Oct. 23, the first date mentioned it your letter will suit me for the decimal." tioned in your letter, will suit me for the de-hate to which you have challenged me, and the Academy of Music is entirely satisfactory as to

Academy of a service of the place.

"In accordance with your request that I divide the expense, which you say will be \$750, I enclose my check to your order for \$375 to cover the same.

"You suggest that I name a representative who will meet your representative, the Hon. James W. Ridgway, to arrange details. The light of the place of the pla You suggest that I name a representative who will meet your representative, the Hon. James W. Bidgway, to arrange details. The time is so short between now and next Monday night that I think arrangement can be expedited by my meeting your representative at once, and, therefore, I should be pleased to have Mr. Bidgway, if convenient, call upon me at Republican headquarters, 200 Joralemon street, to-morrow. Friday morning, at 10 o'clock."

YOUNG MISSIONARIES FOR INDIA.

Bishop Thoburn of the Methodist Episcopal Church Selects Six Who Sail To-Day.

The Rev. Dr. J. M. Thoburn, Methodist Eniscopal Missionary Rishop of India and Malaysia, is now making his annual visit to Malaysia, is now making his annual visit to this country. Among the official dulies he has to discharge while here is that of securing additional missionary laborers for the vast territory over which he is superintendent. His purpose now is to send twelve young men immediately to India who are willing to pursue a four-years' probationary course of study of the native languages preparatory to becoming permanent missionaries there. During this period of probation they must agree not to marry. Their salary during that time is not to exceed \$100 a year. The missionary society pays all travelling expenses from this country to Bombay, India. Six successful candidates will sail for Bombay to-morrow on the steamer Ancona.

Wouldn't Tell Who Lived at His Hotel. John J. McGinnis, proprietor of the World Hotel at 140 Park Row, was arrested yesterony by Richard McCann, one of Election Superintendent McCullagh's deputies, for refus-ing to give a list of the boarders at his hotel. He was held in \$1,000 bail for examination

## "BAD AS LIQUOR HABIT,"

Druggist Says of Coffee Drinking.

"Drinking coffee at restaurants more or less or several years, I was finally forced to the onclusion that it was the cause of my dyspepia, with the hungry feeling I was continually annoyed with. It caused me not only distress ut serious inconvenience. I am satisfied that the coffee drinking habit is as truly a pernicious. habit as the drinking of liquor. It made me exceedingly nervous and interfered with my usineas, where a steady hand is a necessity. "My experience with Postum Food Coffee teaches that it is truly a blessing, and to be highly recommended. My own great improvement has given me interest in the preparation. Mr. Frank Terrey, a cyclist, at 6713 Vincennes Ave., left off coffee and drank only Postum during his training for the races and was greatly benefited by the change. C. R. Pater-

where coffee causes a feeling of heaviness.

coffee, and says it gives strength and vigor Edgar G. Coates, 85 Van Buren St., Chicago.

WOMAN WHO SHOT SIEBERT. Mrs. O'Donnell Says on Her Trial That It

Bedford village, Westchester county, who on Aug. 11 shot and wounded Julius C. Siebert, President of the Westchester Land Company. at his office, 146 Reade street, after a quarrel about money matters, was begun yesterday before Judge Cowing in Part IV. of General Sessions. The complaining witness was not anxious to testify against the woman and there have been several adjournments of the case in an effort to secure his attendance.

Yesterday Siebert told how Mrs. O'Donnell called on him with a lawyer on the morning of Aug. 11 and made a demand for \$5,000, which she had previously given him. Aftersome discussion Mrs. O'Donnell and the lawyer left. In a short time Mrs. O'Donnell returned, saying she had forgotten her umbrella, and with Mr. Siebert entered his private office to look for it. While in the office Mrs. O'Donnell shot Siebert. On cross-examination by Mr. Howe Siebert admitted that he had lived under an assumed name. Mr. Howe tried to show on cross-examining the prosecution's witnesses that Mrs. O'Donnell had been assaulted in Siebert's office, and that her face was bruised and marked when arrested. Sessions. The complaining witness was not

Stage Manager Stratton Held for Larceny. Thomas Stratton, stage manager of the 'Dairy Farm' company, now playing at the Fourteenth Street Theatre, was held in \$1,000 ball in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesball in the Jefferson Market Police Court yes-terday for trial on a charge of grand larceny. The complainant was Ina Cloughan, an actress, who accused Stratton of having disnosed of seventeen stage uniforms, valued at \$50, which were her property. Stratton, whose name off the stage is Thomas F. Seymour, denied the charge, saying that he had been in partnership with the complainant as manager of a travel-ling company. The uniforms had been their common property, he said. Miss Cloughan then produced a receipt indicating that she had paid \$50 to Stratton for the uniforms. Stratton was balled out.

Deranged Belgian Official Going Home. Joseph Wijingaard, an official of the Belgian Government Department of Railways, who for some time has been in this country studying railroad methods, became deranged about three weeks ago while in Pittsburg, and was taken to a private sanitarium in that city for treatment. Last Monday his physician decided that he had improved sufficiently to permit of his removal, and on Wednesday he came to New York, accompanied by his friend, C. A. Lockmiller, of 113 West Washington place, this city, Mr. Wijingaard will sall for his home in Belgium in a few days.

### Reardon Didn't Murder His Wife.

Michael J. Reardon, who said he was a real Detective Bureau at Police Headquarters yes-Detective Bureau at Police Headquarters yea-terday and said that he wanted to surrender himself for the murder of his wife. He was locked up and the police of Derby were not fied. Last night a message was received from Derby saying that Mrs. Reardon was alive and well and that Reardon was not wanted there by the police. He will be sent to Bellevue to be examined as to his sanity.

Officers of the State Mothers' Association. ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 19.-The New York State Association of Mothers to-day elected the Association of Mothers to-day elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Mary Grinnell Mears of Albany; First Vice-President, Mrs. H. A. Stimson of New York; Second Vice-President, Mrs. Mary Stone Gregory of Utica; Auditor, Mrs. M. C. Coon of Oswego; Recording Secretary Mrs. Almon Hensley of New York; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. F. A. Chase of Syracuse; Treasurer, Mrs. Fannie J. Bailey of Albany.

### American Arrested in Nagasaki.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 19 .- A. M. Kent, Jr. N. Y., is in jail at Nagasaki, Japan. He is N. 1. is in Jan at Nagassat, Japan. He is charged with obtaining from the Union Trust Company of Jamestewn \$10,000 in currency by means of notes on which the endorsements were forged. He left Jamestown with a young woman of 22, deserting his wife. Kent will be taken to New York.

Postmaster-General Smith to Speak in Ohlo WASHINGTON, Oct. 19 .- In conformity with arrangements made by the Ohio State Campaign Committee, Postmaster-General Smith will leave Washington on Sunday for a tour of four days. He will speak first at Athens on Monday night, then at Springfield, Norwalk and Steubenville.

To Time Each Mile Made by the Empire

The New York Central Railroad is going to ime every mile made by the Empire State express on Monday or Wednesday night, depending on the weather. The records will be exhibited at the Paris Exposition sext year. L. H. Congor of Irvington will at in the cab of the locomotive and time the miles.

### Gen. Miles's Daughter Engaged. Washington, Oct. 10.-The engagement is

announced of Miss Cecelia Sherman Miles, only daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Nelson A. Miles, to Capt. Samuel Baber, Signal Corps. U. S. A., Lieutenant-Colonel of Volunteers.

## The Wenther.

Fair weather prevailed yesterday over all the Atlantic and Gulf States. There were some showers in the Mississipi valley, from Vicksburg northward to Wisconsin, and southern Minnesota, also in Wyo ming, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon. There was quite a severe storm on the north Pacific coast. The barometer at Portland, Ore., read 29.36 and the winds were blowing a gale. It was warmer in the Northwest except in North Dakota and Minnesota, where the temperature was still from freezing point to 16 below. In the Lake regions it was cooler, and in the Middle Atlantic and New England States there was a slight fall o temperature. In this city the day was clear and slightly cooler

wind northwest, average velocity fourteen miles in the morning, decreasing to eight in the afternoon everage humidity 57 per cent.; barometer corrected to read to sea level at 8 A. M., 30.12, 3 P. M., 30.14

Official Sun't Official Sun't 1892 1892 1893 1899 1899 1898 1899 1899 1898 1899 12 M . 72 82 85 8 P. M. 75 69 68 12 Mid. 64 57 64 WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW For New England, fair to-day and probably Satur

day; light northwest winds. For eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and New Jersey, clouds and cooler, with local vaius and right northwest winds to-day; Saturday fair. For the District of Columbia, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina and Georgia, cloudy with

local rain to-day; Saturday fair, light, variable For western Pennsylvania, western New York and Obio, showers followed by fair to-day: Saturday fair; light to fresh north winds.

# Court Calendars This Day.

Margolia at 11 A. M. Trial Term—No. 1488—Will of John Hamilton at 10:30 A. M.
City Gourt Special Term—Court opens at 10 A. M.
McLions, Trial Term—Tart I. Case to be summed in. Nos. 2504, 1358, 1449, 1522, 1120, 1365, 1051, 1358, 1104, 1472, 1301, 1449, 1510, 1232, 1358, 1104, 1472, 1301, 1449, 1510, 1232, 1439, son, another cyclist, used Postum in place of

Court of Appeals Calendar. ALBANY, Oct. 19. - Court of Appeals calendar for riday, Oct 20: Nos. 679, 680, 10s, 134, 805, 100, 91

FEDERAL STEEL COMPANY. F. LINDE STETSON AND PRESIDENT

ELBERT H. GARY TESTIFY. ey Tell the Industrial Commission How the Company Was Organized and Why It Was Incorporated in New Jersey-J. P. Morgan Brought the Companies Together

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19,-F. Lynds Stetson, one of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. of New York, appeared before the Industrial Commission this morning and testified concerning the organization of the Federal Steel Company, the operation of the New Jersey Corporation laws, and the general relation between railroads and the Interstate Commerce Commission.

"The Federal Steel Company was organized in 1898," said Mr. Stetson, "and I have been familiar with its affairs from the first. It sustains a closer relation between its capital stock and the actual value of its holdings than almost any other large corporation in the country. I is capitalized for \$100,000,000, that stock representing the amalgamation of the Minneapolis Iron Company, the Illinois Steel Company and the Eigin Railroad Company. The Morgan Company acts as agents for the combination, but holds none of its certificates. "New Jersey law," he said," was better suited

for the incorporation of the Federal Steel Company than the law of any other State. Much of our property, for instance, is held in other States, and the New Jersey law is the only legislation which does not restrict such holdings beyond all reason. An additional advantage is that the stockholders of New Jersey corporations may examine the books only as the law provides. In other States corporation books are an uncertain quantity be-cause of the continuous meddling of than corporation officials. truth of the matter is that the greater the degree of freedom permitted the directors of a corporation the greater is the benefit to the stockholders. If stockholders ever require protection against the directors of a company the various State legislatures will be quick to grant it. But the directors make risks, not the stockholders, and they assume the responsibilty. I would give the Board of Directors of every corporation the right to increase its own number at will.

New York has lost corporation business steadily because of her unstable and inequita-ble taxes on corporation capital. The individual stockholders are liable, moreover, to various degrees, for the debts of the corporation in which they hold stock. In New Jersey, on the contrary, there is no individual liability for corporation debts and the tax rate established is fair and unchanging. This has not involved any great danger to the State of New Jersey. A corporation is generally conceived to be a benefit, and as such is permitted to come into existence. As a benefit, New Jersey not only permits it to live but gives it life. 'Fake' companies are not more numerous there than anywhere else."

Questions asked by various members of the Commission effected the following general comment:

"Capitalization has as a rule almost nothing to do with fixed values. If a company is or-ganized with a capitalization of \$100,000,000 and sells \$100 stock at \$10 per share no one considers it to be worth \$100,000,000. Not over-capitalization, but ruinous freight and passenger rates have caused the greater portion of the railroad foreclosures of the past twenty years. Had the rates been a fraction higher most of the failures would never have

occurred. "The railroads of to-day are better directed than ever before. Their officers represent the best business men in the country. As such they court publicity in managing their affairs. best business men in the country. As such they court publicity in managing their affairs. I believe public knowledge to be most desirable for banks, railroads, insurance companies and all organizations which deal with many people and concern many shareholders. The Interstate Commerce Commission has done the railroads much good in premoting this kind of publicity. It would do more good if power were given it. It ought to be able to break had contracts between railroads, to compel the performance of good contracts and to abolish unreasonable tariffs in accordance with its own judgment. The Commission would do better work if its officers were made judges and appointed for life,"

Elbert H. Garry President of the Federal Steel Company, testified in the afternoon. After maming the various smaller corporations out of which the Federal Company was created. Mr. Gary said: These companies in combination take from one from the ground and turn it out as a steel product. Railroad and steamships included in the combination do a large part of the transportation. We have no monopoly, and could not hove to make such a concern profitable except for the economy incident to complete cooperation between the smaller enterprises.

Of the actual consolidation, Mr. Gary said: "Mr. J. Pierpoat Morgan really effected the union and brought the separate companies together. He was given between \$2.00,000,000 and \$300,000,000, with which he bought a controlling interest in each of the corporations we desired and paid his own expenses. As organized, the stock of the Federal Steel Company—approximately \$200,000,000 were represented to equal exactly the value of the properties purchased; that is, to represent the value of the stock obtained by Mr. Morgan. This

ized, the stock of the Federal Steel Company—approximately \$200,000,000—was regulated to equal exactly the value of the properties purchased; that is, to represent the value of the stock obtained by Mr. Morgan. This combination has operated independently ever since its creation. Now and then offers of competing companies have been received, by accepting which we might have precluded a portion of the competition we must meet now. But at no time have these proposals been emerated, it is part of our system that each company shall conduct its own share of the business. The main office is constantly in conference with the heads of those companies, however, and the latter are never out of touch with the officers of the Federal Company. This is in brief the whole scheme of our business. Our books would hardly make it any more clear. But as far as our company is concerned we are very willing to onen our accounts for examination at any time.

"We have at present 21,000 employees," said Mr. Gary, "which is an increase of 3,000 over last year. The mouthly payroll of our company includes salaries aggregating \$1,330,000, Since our organization wages have been advanced generally 15 per cent. The complete freedom perinitted these employees is evident from the fact that at no time since the creation of the Federal company has the management taken any rart in politics or attempted to sway the votes of its workers.

"Some protection in the way of tariff is required by American steel industries. I think," continued Mr. Gary. "But we do not need a tariff large enough to create a monopoly for the American producer by destroying competition. Tariff, however, has nothing to do with the present high price of steel. That is an effect of superiority of product and of accelerated demand.

Of a Federal law intended to control the creation of corporations and establish uniform regulations to govern them. Mr. Gay said: "If such a law could be passed, which I doubt, I think I personally would not be opposed to it. As a rule it would be bette

Courts."

M. Rice. Secretary of the Whiskey Trust, and Edson Bradley, one of the men consplcuous in its management, are to be examined to-

McCarthy Gets the Contract for State Printing.

ALBANY, Oct. 19. Some months ago bids

were opened to do the State executive printing for two years from October, 1898. The contract was awarded to John A. McCarthy of the Albany Press and Knickerbacker. Other bid-ders contested the award and began proceedders contested the award and began proceedings to act it aside. The question has hing lire for several weeks until to-day, when it was announced that all opposition to the awarding of the contract to Mr. McCarthy had been withdrawn. The State officials who nutherized the award announced to-day that the contract with Mr. McCarthy had been executed. the contract with Mr. Missattly executed.

The Wynkoop Hallenback Crawford Company of New York city has been doing the State executive printing for the past four years, and established a large plant here for that purpose, where they have also been doing a good portion of their commercial work.

Mr. McCarthy has subjet his contract to James B. Lyon of this city. Mr. Lyon was the legislative printer under the last Democratic administration.

The Mothers' Assembly Incorporated. ALBANY, Oct. 10.-The Mothers' Assembly of the State of New York was incorporated to-day by the Secretary of State. The principal office is in Albany. It is proposed to bring the mothers of the State together in conference for promoting the best interests of the home on I the improvement and training of children and the advancement of moral and social conditions of the commonwealth. The directors are Mrs. Emilie D. Martin of New York sity, Mrs. Fannie J. Bailey and Mrs. Mary Grinnell Mears of Albany.

Janitor Kills Himself.

Charles F. Berjew, janitor of the house at 177 Houston street, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself in the head with a 38-cal-ibrs revolver. Beriew had been drinking heavily. THE ÆOLIAN

WE have published from time to time letters from the world's great musicians, giving the Æolian the strongest possible endorsement. hese endorsements have given it unqualitied artistic status. The practical advantages of the Æolian to the musical layman

comes, however, with most force from the owners themselves. We therefore reproduce here a letter from the ex-Mayor of one of our large cities. His opinion of the Æolian is based upon several years' close association with the instrument in his home.

HE ÆOLIAN is one of the great inventions of the age, and no one can fully appreciate of the age, and no one can fully appreciate its capabilities until he has heard it well played. "It is not a mere mechanical instrument,

for it can be made to respond to the feeling and musical taste of the performer, so that the real meaning of the deepest music may be fully interpreted. It can be made to phrase most delicately the finest compositions of the master composers of the world. In every home it may become an educator in that it makes familiar the best class

of music—symphonic as well as operatic.
"I know nothing that should be so welcomed and encouraged by professional musicians as the Æolian, as it creates an interest and cultivates a taste for classical music among those who, without technical knowledge, have yet an intense love for this, the first of all arts.'

INFORMAL RECITALS GIVEN DAILY FROM 3 TO 4:30 P. M. EVERY ONE IS INVITED TO ATTEND.

Any one can play the Æolian. It requires no musical knowledge It plays all classes of music.

ÆOLIAN COMPANY,

18 WEST 23D ST., N.Y.

YOU DON'T HAVE TO OPEN UP THE WHOLE LIBRARY CASE TO GET A SINGLE BOOK IF YOU HAVE A WERNICKE ELAS-TIC BOOK CASE, OPEN THE SECTION IT IS IN-THAT'S

Globe-Wernicke Co.,

ALASKA AGREEMENT DELAYED.

Mr. Reginald Tower Refers Some Unimpor-

tant Changes to London for Approval.

Washington, Oct. 19.-Much disappoint

ment was felt at the State Department to-day

when it was learned that Mr. Reginald Tower.

the Charged'Affaires of Great Britain at Wash-

Gen. Otis Reports Casualties.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19 .- Gen. Otis cabled the

Kill ED-Sixth Infantry, near Cebu, Island o

Cebu, Sept. 18: Company A. Charles N. Cotay, Daniel E. Adams, Seventeenth Infantry, at

Angeles, Oct. 16: Company L. William L. Par-

ker. Thirty-sixth Infantry, at Porac, Oct. 18:

Company H, Willard Winters.
WOUNDED-Oct. 16, at Angeles, Acting Assist-

Wounded-Oat I United Stafford, breast, slight. Sixth Infantry, near Cebu, Island of Cebu, Sept. 18: Company A, William Stovall, abdomen, severe, Courth Infantry, near San Nicholas, Oct. 8: Company C, Hornee Hutchinson, severe, Company C, Hornee Hutchinson, severe, Fourth Infantry, near San Nicholas, Oct. 8: Company F, James A, O'Reilly, hand, slight, Ninth Infantry, at Angelsa, Oct. 16: Company D, George K, Webster, head, moderate, Company H, John Kelly, thigh, severe; Company A, Albort Durand, back, severe; Charles S, Wilson, head, severe. Seventeenth Infantry, Company A, Corporal Henry Rosser, head, slight; Company B, William Crosby, thigh, slight; Company H, Joseph B, Tinackory, laring, severe; Thomas E, Scully, thigh, slight, Sixteenth Infantry, at Guignita, Oct. 18: Company P, Thomas Lynch, side, severe; Leslie Shores, foot, severe, Fourth Cavalry, near Arayat, Oct. 13: Company B, First Sergeant Gustave Will, arm, moderate: Mathew Killion, leg, moderate, Thirty-sixth Infantry, at Porac, Oct. 17: Company M, Sam Williams, cheek, moderate.

The Plague Spreading in Santos.

WASHINGTON Oct 18-The Supervising

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service received this cablegram to-day:
"RIO DE JANKINO, Oct. 10.—Plague is now present in Santos. There have been six cases. There have been two deaths. Autopsy confirms diagnosis. Isolation is possible.
"W. HAVELBURG, Sanitary Inspector."

Naval Orders.

have been issued:

have been issued:

Washington, Oct. 19.- These naval orders

Passed Assistant Surgeon H. D. Wilson, from duty

the Selve.

Naval Cade L. S. Shapley, from duty as watch and vision officer on the New Orleans and to continue.

hoard that reasolae and college.

to granded of the Linear to duty in connection

New York yard.

Assistant Naval Constructor H. R. Robinson, to
dillional duty at works of the Neafe and Lavy
furnbuild mc Cum any. Philadelphia.

Lieut, H. W. Jones, from the Naval Academy to the
Nashington Navy Vaed for ordinates instruction.

Naval Cadet J. L. Clement, Jr., from the New York of the New Orleans: Naval Cadet H. K. Locker, from he New Orleans to the New York. Civil Engineer H. B. Stanforo, to the Asiatic station in the Solace for duty at Maintz. Licut S. Arnold, to duty as inspector of machin-

Nov. 4. Naval Caulet Schreiber's resignation is accepted. Lioutenant Commander W. is. Hannum, from t Colgos on the Asiato station, to the hospital at Yol havia for treatment.

Army Orders.

nive been issued:
Acting Assistant Surgeon Fren P. Howell, new in
an Francisco to Pe lippine Islands.
Acting Assistant Surgeon Albert H. Macbeth, from
influid Assar Francisco.
First Lieut, Windell # Overton, Seventh Artillery,
this rich.

nest of California.
First Licuit Charles C. Todd, Twentieth Infantry, to Penart of First Licuit Charles C. Todd, Twentieth Infantry, The read Houston, Tex.

Fulton & Pearl Sts.

Best Desks



Something Besides Price

tells in Boys' and Children's Clothes; Taste and proper ington, had cabled to the London Foreign Of-fice for its approval of the unimportant changes in the Alaska boundary agreement suggested by Secretary Hay. The Department style tell; Trustworthy making tells.

suggested by Secretary Hay. The Department offlicials expressed the fear that with the Transvaal war to keep them busy, the Foreign Office authorities might not be able to give attention to the agreement for some time. But they were encouraged by a press destatch from London saving that the Foreign Office would consent to the changes. When Mr. Tower receives permission to commit Great Britain to the provisional boundary the perfection of the agreement will be a matter of a few hours only. No change has been made in the line already described in The Sun. It has been reactically decided that the agreement shall take the form of an exchange of notes instead of the preparation of of a formal document to which the representatives of Great Britain and the United States must attach their signatures. Our reputation has been established upon cheapness for quality — real, not sham cheapness.

Sailor and Vestee Suits-unique and exclusive designs, \$5, \$6, \$7, \$7.50

Double-Breasted Two-Piece Suitsuges 7 to 16-in Fine Cheviots, Homespons and Cassimeres, \$3.50, \$4, \$5, \$6 Youths' Suits-ages 15 to 19-either

single or double-breasted, with or ouble-breasted vests, 88, \$10, \$12, \$14, \$15 and up. Everything in Overcoats and Reefers

## worth seeing. Hackett Carhart Co. BROADWAY Stores. Cor. 13th St. Cor. Canal St. Near Chambers. Three

Stores.

TURRETS FOR BATTLESHIPS. Saval Board Decides to Test These on the

Kearsarge Before Adopting Them WASHINGTON, Oct. 19 - The Naval Board on construction at its meeting to-day decided to ecommend to the Secretary of the Navy that he Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company be requested to put the superimposed turrets of the battleship Kearsarge in working order immediately, without waiting to complete the vessel, in order that this style of turret might be tested to enable the board to decide whether it is practicable. The board is divided on the question of putting superimposed or two-storied turrets on the three battleships last authorized, and desires to find out how those on the Kearsarre work hefore putting such turrets on or omitting them from the designs for the other battleships.

Judge Day Arbitrator in the Claim of am American Citizen Against Hayti.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 -Wm. II. Day of Canton, Ohio, who was Secretary of State for a short time during the present administration. short time during the present administration, later head of the American Commission sent to Paris to negotiate a treaty of peace with Spain, and is new a Foderai Judge, has been saked by the tovernment of Hayito act as sole arbitrator in the coain of Merzar, an American citizes, against that government. The request came to Judge Day without solicitation, and is remarkable in that he is called upon to decide between a citizen of his own country and the government of a foreign country. Judge Day has account with raval recruiting rendezcons, Chergo,
Fleut, F. B. I phane, from the Olympia, proceed
home and wait orders.
Energy William P. Scott, sick leave granted for
long north from Nov. 1.
Lieut, B. F. Hall, to the Navy Varil at Washington,
let, 25. for ordinance instruction, Instead of the

Lient, Gillis's Gallant Act Recognized. Washington, Oct. 19.-Liout. (junior grade) I. W. Gillis has been assigned to the command the turnedo boat Porter in recognition of a gallant exploit during the war with Spain, Licut, fullis was attached to the Porter off ment, tills was attached to the Porter of Santiago. One morning he saw a big topped o with its war head on moving out toward the American floot. It was presumitly a Spanish toppedo. Lient (illes jumped overbread, and throwing one handover the death-dealing projectife, unserowed the way head with the continuous contraction.

RICHLY Cut Glassware in Beautiful and Brilliant Col-WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 -These army orders ors, Stritable for Wedding Gifts, Punch Sets, Jugs, Cordial Sets, Rose Bowls, Loving Cups, Vases, Sherbet Glasses, Etc., in great

b this rate.

First Licent John C McA'thur, Third Infantry, to
but Wood, New York Harbert,
Second Licent Clifton S. K may, Thirteenth Infantry, from Fort Wood, New York Harbert, to Depart.

C. DC C. DORFLINGER & SONS. 915 BROADWAY, Near 21st Street, NEW YORK.

> MORGAN'S STEAM CARPET CLEANING

to Fort Sam Houston. Tex.

The retirement from active service of Brig. Gen.

By al T. Frank is amounted.

By al T. Frank is amounted.

By al T. Frank is amounted.

By a Green, Go. V. Henry now awaiting orders in Now York city, a sest, hed to the command of the Department of the Missouri, headquarters at Omalia. The order to Licut Col. William A. Jones Corps of Engineers, to proceed to New York city and report to Commanding General Department of the East for duty, is revoked.

Cast. Richard H. Savage, Twenty seventh Infantry, having been found by a board of others physically until for the military service, is honorably discolarged. AND RENOVATING WORKS, BROAD WAY AND 47TH SE. TELEPHONE, 21,30-38TH Carpet layers furnished at short notice.